	YEAR 5 and 6
Listening	Do they understand longer passages made up of familiar language in simple sentences?
and	Can they identify the main points and some details?
Responding	
, ,	Spoken at near normal speed with no interference. May need some items to be repeated.
Speaking	Can they hold a simple conversation with at least 3-4 exchanges?
	Can they use their knowledge of grammar to adapt and substitute single words and phrases?
	Their pronunciation is generally accurate and they show some consistency in their intonation.
Reading	Can they understand a short story or factual text and note some of the main points?
and	Can they use context to work out unfamiliar words?
Responding	
Writing	• Can they write a paragraph of about 3-4 simple sentences?
	 Can they adapt and substitute individual words and set phrases? Can they use a dictionary or glossary to check words they have learnt?
	• Can they use a dictionary of glossary to check words they have learner
	They will draw largely on memorised language
ASSESSMENT	Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
	Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
	Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
	Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
	Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
	Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
	Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dic-
	tionary
	Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
	Describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing
	understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, such as (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.