Science Activity	Building Skills and Disciplinary Knowledge	Approaches to Developing Skills and Disciplinary Knowledge	Building Substantive Knowledge and Understanding	Approaches to Developing Substantive Knowledge and Understanding	Curricula Materials	Assessed through (T1 T2 T3) Scientific Enquiry Planning & Presenting Critically Observing/ Classifying/ Evaluating Scientific Knowledge		
Planning and Presenting	<ul> <li>Can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary</li> <li>Can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</li> <li>Can identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments</li> <li>Can use relevant scientific language to discuss their ideas and communicate their findings in ways that are appropriate for different audiences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teacher led lessons demonstrating skills of investigating, recording, analysing</li> <li>Modelling use of scientific vocabulary in comparisons, contrasts, investigations</li> <li>Planned expectation for use of relevant scientific language to discuss their ideas and communicate their findings in ways that are appropriate for different audiences</li> <li>Planned practical activities to engage children in above activities</li> </ul>	own curiosity and research their own questions and ideas  Opportunities for group work and collaboration to research and investigate					
Critically Observing/ Classification/ Evaluating	<ul> <li>Can take measurements using a range of scientific equipment with increasing accuracy</li> <li>Can record more complex data and results using scientific diagrams, classifications keys, tables, bar charts, line graphs and models</li> <li>Can decide which units of measurement they need</li> <li>Can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate</li> <li>Can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Observing changes over time</li> <li>Investigating habitats and environments</li> <li>Learning to compare and contrast</li> <li>Talking about what they have learnt and observed</li> <li>Recording data using a variety of formats</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Research opportunities through home/school learning projects</li> <li>Planned opportunities for use of and access to varied resources</li> <li>School visits to places and organisations related to topic and learning</li> </ul>					
Scientific Knowledge	<ul> <li>Can read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly.</li> <li>Can recognise that scientific ideas change and develop over time.</li> <li>can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests</li> <li>Can identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planned opportunities to observe, investigate and comment using scientific vocabulary based on topics and experiences</li> <li>Planned opportunities for children research their own line of enquiry through research and investigations</li> <li>Teach when and how secondary sources might help them to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical investigations</li> </ul>	evaporating) Can give reasons for the use of everyday materials based on scientific evidence Can use their knowledge to classify (solids, liquids, gasses) Can describe changes using scientific words (evaporation, condensation)	Exploration     opportunities for pupils     to discover the     methods that scientists     use to answer questions;     the different apparatus     and techniques,				
Maths links	<ul> <li>Can take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers</li> <li>Can accurately interpret these measurements</li> <li>Can Compare objects and size</li> <li>Can record more complex data and results using scientific diagrams, classifications keys, tables, bar charts, line graphs and models</li> </ul>	Planned opportunities depending on topic such as deciding how to present findings via tally counting, graphs, and data analysis or measures	<ul> <li>Can use terms 'reversible' and 'irreversible'</li> <li>Can describe and compare the life cycles of a range of animals, including humans, amphibians, insects and birds</li> <li>Can describe the life cycles of common plants</li> <li>Can describe and explain the process of respiration in humans and plants</li> <li>Learn about the work of naturalists and animal behaviourist such as David Attenborough and Jane Goodall</li> <li>Can create a time line to indicate stages of growth in humans</li> <li>Can explain what puberty is</li> </ul>	including measurement	TERM3: Animals including Humans			
SMSC	<ul> <li>Can work with others of different religious, ethnic and socioeconomic backgrounds, according to given briefs wider knowledge of Y5 science curriculum</li> <li>Can resolve conflicts and differing opinions should these arise</li> <li>Can reflect on choices</li> <li>Can investigate and offer views on ethical issues in topics studied</li> <li>Can show willingness to explore and understand scientific beliefs from a variety of cultural backgrounds</li> <li>Can study science, and investigate with a team knowledge of the wider world, including interviewing with older people, archaeologists, and museum and exhibition personnel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plan visits, opportunities to investigate with a group or partner</li> <li>Plan visits in the local environment</li> <li>Visit Parks, Museums, laboratories</li> </ul>			Living things and their Habitats			